

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2022

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE In Mathematics A (4MA1) Paper 1F

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme.
 Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Types of mark

M marks: method marks

• A marks: accuracy marks

• B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)

Abbreviations

- cao correct answer only
- ft follow through
- isw ignore subsequent working
- SC special case
- oe or equivalent (and appropriate)
- dep dependent
- indep independent
- awrt answer which rounds to
- eeoo each error or omission

No working

- If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks
- If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

With working

- If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.
- If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks.
- If a candidate misreads a number from the question. Eg. Uses 252 instead of 255; method marks may be awarded provided the question has not been simplified.
- Examiners should send any instance of a suspected misread to review. If there is a choice of methods shown, mark the method that leads to the answer on the answer line; where no answer is given on the answer line, award the lowest mark from the methods shown.
- If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

Ignoring subsequent work

- It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: eg. Incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct.
- It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra.
- Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

Parts of questions

• Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded to another.

International GCSE Maths

Apart from Questions 6b, 9, 11, 18, 20b and 21a (where the mark scheme states otherwise), the correct answer, unless clearly obtained by an incorrect method, should be taken to imply a correct method.

	Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
1	(a)		Gazientep	1	B1
	(b)		Two thousand, five	1	B1
			hundred and thirty		
			four		
	(c)		2350	1	B1 cao
	(d)		608	1	B1 Accept -608
	(e)		4	1	B1 cao
					Total 5 marks

2 (a)	8 <i>a</i>	1	B1 cao
(b)	24b	1	B1 cao
(c)	27	1	B1 cao
			Total 3 marks

3	(a)(i)	C	1	B1 cao
	(ii)	A	1	B1 cao
	(b)	Correct reason	1	B1 e.g.
				for probability cannot be more than 1 oe
				It adds to 1 oe
				Scale goes to 1 oe
				It has to be below 1 oe
		·		Total 3 marks

4 (a)	Pentagon	1	B1
(b)	Marked at 360	1	B1
(c)	1 45	1	B1 oe e.g. 1345, quarter to two/2
			Ignore any am or pm
(d)	centimetres	1	B1 or cm
			Total 4 marks

5	(a)(i)		6 or 8	1	B1 allow 6 and 8
	(ii)		27	1	B1 cao
	(iii)		25	1	B1 cao
	(iv)		3 or 7 or 11	1	B1 allow two or more of 3, 7, 11
	(b)	$(2^2 + 5) \times (2 + 3^2) = 99$	Two correct pairs of	1	B1 cao
			brackets		
					Total 5 marks

6	(a)(i)		132	1	B1 cao
	(ii)		correct reason	1	B1 for <u>angles</u> on a straight <u>line</u> add up to
					180
					Accept angles on a straight <u>line</u> add up to
					<u>180</u>
	(b)	$180 \div 3 (= 60)$		3	M1 or for an angle of 60 in the triangle
		360 – (105 + 125 + "60")			M1 for a correct complete method
			70		A1
					Total 5 marks

7	6 × 220 (= 1320) or		4	M1 Allow a correct bu	ıild-up method
	220 + 220 + 220 + 220 + 220 + 220 (= 1320) oe				-
	5000 – "1320" (= 3680) or			M1 Allow a correct bu	ild-up method
	5000 - (220 + 220 + 220 + 220 + 220 + 220) = 3680 oe or				
	5000 – 140 (= 4860) or				
	5000 – ("1320" + some multiples of 295) oe				
	("4860" – "1320") ÷ 295 or "3540" ÷ 295 or			M1 Allow a correct	M1 A1 for
	$("3680" - 140) \div 295$			build-up method	$3680 \div 295$
		12		A1	(= 12.4(745)) and 12
					Total 4 marks

8	(a)		7g-2e	2	B2 or $-2e + 7g$
					If not B2 then award
					B1 for $7g$ or $-2e$
	(b)	$3 \times 12 (= 36)$ and $5 \times 4 (= 20)$		2	M1
			16		A1
					SC B1 for an answer of 56 or –16
	(c)	$4p = 24 - 9$ or $4p = 15$ or $p + \frac{9}{4} = \frac{24}{4}$ oe or		2	M1 for a correct first step or for a calculation for <i>p</i>
		$(24-9) \div 4 \text{ or } 15 \div 4$			
			$\frac{15}{4}$		A1 oe e.g. 3.75 or $3\frac{3}{4}$
					Total 6 marks

9	Allow	Triangle drawn with	B2 for triangle drawn with correct
	Triangle drawn with intersecting arcs 6 cm from	correct intersecting	intersecting arcs 6 cm from A and 9 cm
	B and 9 cm from A	arcs 6 cm from A and	from B within the overlay
		9 cm from B	(B1 for two intersecting arcs within the
			overlay or accurate triangle drawn with no
			arcs)
			Total 2 marks

10 (i)		$\frac{7}{20}$	1	B1 oe
(ii)	$\frac{2+6}{20}$ oe or $1-\frac{5+7}{20}$ oe		2	M1 ft their (i)
		$\frac{8}{20}$		A1 oe penalise incorrect notation only once
				Total 3 marks

11 $0.85 \times 1000 \ (= 850)$ or $360 \div 1000 \ (= 0.36)$ 4 M1 for a correct conversion of kg to g or g to kg $360 \div 15 \ (= 24)$ or "0.36" $\div 15 \ (= 0.024)$ or "850" $\div 38 \ (= 22.368)$ or $0.85 \div 38 \ (= 0.022368)$ or $(= 85) \times 360 \ (= 85) \times 380 \ (= 22.368)$ or $(= 360 \div 15 \ (= 24) \ \text{and} \ (= 850) \times 38 \ (= 0.022368)$ or $(= 360 \div 15 \ (= 24) \ \text{and} \ (= 850) \times 38 \ (= 0.022368)$ or $(= 360 \div 15 \ (= 24) \ \text{and} \ (= 850) \times 24 \ (= 35.4)$ or $(= 35.4) \times 360 \times 15 \ (= 0.024) \times 360 \times 15 \ (= 0.024) \times 360 \times 15 \ (= 35.4)$ or $(= 35.4) \times 360 \times 15 \ (= 36.024) \times 36$
$\begin{array}{c} 360 \div 15 \ (= 24) \text{or} \text{``}0.36\text{'`} \div 15 \ (= 0.024) \text{or} \\ \text{``}850\text{'`} \div 38 \ (= 22.368) \text{or} 0.85 \div 38 \ (= 0.022368) \text{or} \\ \text{``}850\text{'`} \div 360 \ (= \frac{85}{36} = 2.3(6)) \text{or} \left(\frac{38}{15} = \right) 2\frac{8}{15} \ (= 2.5) \\ 360 \div 15 \ (= 24) \text{and} \text{``}850\text{'`} \div 38 \ (= 22.368) \text{or} \\ \text{``}0.36\text{'`} \div 15 \ (= 0.024) \text{and} 0.85 \div 38 \ (= 0.022368) \text{or} \\ 360 \div 15 \ (= 24) \text{and} \text{``}850\text{'`} \div 24 \ (= 35.4) \text{or} \\ \text{``}0.36\text{'`} \div 15 \ (= 0.024) \text{and} 0.85 \div \text{``}0.024\text{'} \ (= 35.4) \text{or} \\ \end{array}$
"850" ÷ 38 (= 22.368) or $0.85 \div 38$ (= 0.022368) or "850" ÷ $360 = \frac{85}{36} = 2.3(6)$ or $\left(\frac{38}{15}\right) = \frac{2}{15} = 2.5$) 360 ÷ 15 (= 24) and "850" ÷ 38 (= 22.368) or "0.36" ÷ 15 (= 0.024) and $0.85 \div 38$ (= 0.022368) or amounts $360 \div 15$ (= 24) and "850" ÷ 24 (= 35.4) or "0.36" ÷ 15 (= 0.024) and $0.85 \div 0.024$ (= 35.4) or How much flour is needed for recipe and how much Johan has for each cake
"850" ÷ 38 (= 22.368) or $0.85 \div 38$ (= 0.022368) or "850" ÷ $360 = \frac{85}{36} = 2.3(6)$ or $\left(\frac{38}{15}\right) = \frac{2}{15} = 2.5$) 360 ÷ 15 (= 24) and "850" ÷ 38 (= 22.368) or "0.36" ÷ 15 (= 0.024) and $0.85 \div 38$ (= 0.022368) or amounts $360 \div 15$ (= 24) and "850" ÷ 24 (= 35.4) or "0.36" ÷ 15 (= 0.024) and $0.85 \div 0.024$ (= 35.4) or How much flour is needed for recipe and how much Johan has for each cake
"850" \div 360 (=\frac{85}{36} = 2.3(6)) or $(\frac{38}{15} =)2\frac{8}{15}(=2.5)$ 360 \div 15 (= 24) and "850" \div 38 (= 22.368) or "0.36" \div 15 (= 0.024) and 0.85 \div 38 (= 0.022368) or 360 \div 15 (= 24) and "850" \div 24 (= 35.4) or "0.36" \div 15 (= 0.024) and 0.85 \div '0.024' (= 35.4) or How much flour is needed for recipe and how much Johan has for each cake
"0.36" \div 15 (= 0.024) and 0.85 \div 38 (= 0.022368) or 360 \div 15 (= 24) and "850" \div 24 (= 35.4) or How much flour is needed for recipe and how much Johan has for each cake
"0.36" \div 15 (= 0.024) and 0.85 \div 38 (= 0.022368) or 360 \div 15 (= 24) and "850" \div 24 (= 35.4) or How much flour is needed for recipe and how much Johan has for each cake
$360 \div 15 \ (= 24)$ and "850" $\div 24 \ (= 35.4)$ or e.g. How much flour is needed for recipe and how much Johan has for each cake
"0.36" ÷ 15 (= 0.024) and 0.85 ÷ '0.024' (= 35.4) or How much flour is needed for recipe and how much Johan has for each cake
"0.36" ÷ 15 (= 0.024) and 0.85 ÷ '0.024' (= 35.4) or much Johan has for each cake
"850" ÷ 360 (= $\frac{85}{36}$ = 2.3(6)) and "2.3(6)" × 15 (= 35.4) or or
$\left(\frac{38}{15}\right) = 2\frac{8}{15} (=2.5) \text{ and } "2\frac{8}{15} "\times" 0.36" (=0.912) \text{ or}$ Working out how many cakes Johann can make with his flour to compare with 38 cakes
$\left(\frac{38}{15}\right) = 2\frac{8}{15} (=2.5)$ and " $2\frac{8}{15}$ "×360 (= 912) or Working out how much flour is needed to
$360 \div 15 (= 24)$ and "24" × 38 (= 912) or enable comparison with given figure of 0.85 kg
"0.36" \div 15 (= 0.024) and "0.024" \times 38 (= 0.912)
No and A1 No or statement that clearly states that
correct there is not enough flour to make 38 cakes
figures seen and correct figures - figures may be rounded
in working and produce slightly different
results which are acceptable eg "2.3(6)" ×
15 allow 34 – 36
Must compare 912 with 850 or implied by 62
seen
Total 4 marks

11	$0.85 \times 1000 \ (= 850)$		4	M1
ALT				
	E.g. $15 + 15 (= 30)$ or $15 \div 2 (= 7(.5))$ or 8)			M1
	E.g. 15 + 15 + 7(.5) (= 37(.5)) or 15 + 15 + 8 (= 38)			M1
		No and 37(.5) or 38 seen		A1 oe No and 37(.5) or 38 seen
				Total 4 marks
			1	
11 ALT	$0.85 \times 1000 \ (= 850)$		4	M1
	360 ÷ 15 (= 24)			M1
	E.g. for a build up method (360) 15 (360) 15 (24) 1 (24) 1 (24) 1 (24) 1 (24) 1 (24) 1 (24) 1 (24) 1 (24) 1 (24) 36			M1
		No and 36 seen		A1 oe No and 36 seen
				Total 4 marks

12 (a)	$(0 \times 6) + (1 \times 5) + (2 \times 4) + (3 \times 7) + (4 \times 3) (= 46)$ or		3	M1 for at least 4 products added or
	0+5+8+21+12 (=46)			intention to add (need not be evaluated)
	'46' ÷ 25			M1 dep on M1
		1.84		A1
				SC B1 for answer only of 2.08 oe
(b)		0.61	1	B1 oe 61% or $\frac{61}{100}$ oe
				Total 4 marks

13	x -1 0 1 2 3 4 5	Correct line between	3	B3 for a correct line between $x = -1$ and x
	y 5 3 1 -1 -3 -5 -7	x = -1		= 5
		and		
		x = 5		(B2 for a correct straight line segment
				through at least 3 of $(-1, 5)$ $(0, 3)$ $(1, 1)$ $(2, -1)$
	(-1, 5) (0, 3) (1, 1) (2, -1) (3, -3) (4, -5) (5, -7)			$\begin{bmatrix} -1 \end{pmatrix} (3, -3) (4, -5) (5, -7)$
				or
				for all of $(-1, 5)$ $(0, 3)$ $(1, 1)$ $(2, -1)$ $(3, -3)$
				(4, -5) (5, -7) plotted but not joined)
				(B1 for at least 2 correct points stated (may
				be in a table) or plotted or for a line drawn
				with a negative gradient through $(0, 3)$ or
				for a line with a gradient of -2)
				Total 3 marks

14 (a)	$\frac{10.1}{39.8} \times 100 \text{ oe or } \frac{10100000}{39800000} \times 100$		2	M1
		25.4		Al awrt
(b)	$\frac{21}{100} \times 59.9 (= 12.579) \text{ oe or}$ $\frac{21}{100} \times 59900000 (= 12579000) \text{ oe}$ $59.9 + "12.579" (= 72.479) \text{ or}$ $59900000 + 12579000 (= 72479000)$		3	M1 $M2 \frac{121}{100} \times 59.9 \text{ oe or}$ $\frac{121}{100} \times 59.900 000 \text{ oe}$ M1
		72		A1 Accept 72 – 73 or 72 000 000 – 73 000 000
				Total 5 marks

15	48 ÷ 4 (=12)		4	M1 could be on diagram
	$30 - 48 \div 4 = 18$ or 9			M1 allow 9 on correct side of the triangle on
				the diagram
	$3 \times "18" + "12"$ or $6 \times "18 \div 2" + "12"$ or			M1 for a complete correct method
	"54" + "12"			_
		66		A1
				Total 4 marks

		_	T
16 (a)		2	M1 for $4n + k (k \neq -3)$ or
			$4 \times n + k (k \neq -3)$ or
			$n \times 4 + k (k \neq -3)$
			(k may be zero or absent)
	4n - 3		A1 oe e.g. $1 + (n-1)4$ oe or $4 \times n - 3$ oe or
			$n \times 4 - 3$ oe
			NB: award full marks for eg
			$x = 4n - 3$ oe or $x = 4 \times n - 3$ oe or
			$x = n \times 4 - 3$ oe or <i>n</i> th term = $4n - 3$ oe or
			n th term = $4 \times n - 3$ oe or
			n th term = $n \times 4 - 3$ oe
			but only M1 for $n = 4n - 3$ oe
(b)	6m + 5	1	B1 for $3(2m) + 5$ oe or $6m + 5$ or
			$3 \times 2m + 5$ oe or $6 \times m + 5$
			Allow $3(2n) + 5$ or $6n + 5$ oe
			Total 3 marks

17	1-(0.26+0.18) (= 0.56) oe or 0.28 oe or		4	M1 0.28 oe may be seen in the table
17	x + x = 1 - (0.26 + 0.18) oe		-	1 1 0.20 de may de seen in the table
				M1
	$45 \div 0.18 \ (= 250) \ \text{oe} \ \text{or} \ \frac{45}{18} \ (= 2.5) \ \text{oe}$			M1
	$\frac{"0.56"}{2} \div 0.18 \left(= \frac{14}{9} = 1.55 \right)$ oe or			
	$\frac{"56"}{2} \div 18 \left(= \frac{14}{9} = 1.55 \right)$			
	"250"× $\frac{"0.56"}{2}$ oe or $2.5 \times \frac{"56"}{2}$ oe or			M1
	"250"×"0.28" oe or "0.28"÷ 0.18×45 oe or " $\frac{14}{9}$ "×45			
	oe or			
	"28" ÷ 18 × 45 oe or $\frac{45}{18}$ × "28" oe			
		70		A1 ($\frac{70}{250}$ scores M3A0)
				Total 4 marks

18 (a)	1, 2, 4, 7, 8, 14, 28, 56 and 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 12, 14, 21, 28, 42, 84 or 2 2 2 7 and 2 2 3 7 or 2 2 3 3		2	M1 for any correct valid method and no errors e.g. for starting to list at least four different factors of each number and no errors or 2 2 2 7 and 2 2 3 7 seen (may be in a factor tree or a ladder diagram and ignore 1) or a fully correct Venn diagram or other clear method, e.g, table
		28		A1 dep M1 accept $2^2 \times 7$ oe
(b)	60, 120, 180, 240 and 72, 144, 216, 288 or 2 2 3 5 and 2 2 2 3 3 or $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2	M1 for any correct valid method and no errors e.g. for starting to list at least four multiples of each number or 2 2 3 5 and 2 2 2 3 3 seen (may be in a factor tree or a ladder diagram and ignore 1) or a fully correct Venn diagram or other clear method, e.g, table
		360		A1 dep M1 accept $2^3 \times 3^2 \times 5$ oe
				Total 4 marks

19	7x + 3x + 8x = 360 oe		4	M1 M2 for $7x = 140$
	$(x =) 360 \div 18 (= 20)$			M1 (140 can be on diagram)
	$360 \div (180 - 7 \times "20")$ oe or $360 \div (180 - "140")$			M1 for 360 ÷ exterior angle
	$\frac{(n-2)\times180}{n} = 7\times"20$ " oe or $360 \div 40$			
	n			
		9		A1
				Total 4 marks

20 (a)	$n^2 - 6n + 4n - 24$		2	M1 for any 3 correct terms or for 4 out of 4 correct terms ignoring signs or
				for $n^2 - 2n$ or for $-2n - 24$
		$n^2 - 2n - 24$		A1 oe
(b)	8x - 12		3	M1 for correct multiplication by 4
	or $\frac{3}{4}x - \frac{5}{4}$ oe or $0.75x - 1.25$ oe			or separate fractions on the RHS
	$8x - 3x = -5 + 12$ oe or $5x = 7$ oe or $2x - \frac{3}{4}x = -\frac{5}{4} + 3$ or $2x - 0.75x = -1.25 - 3$ oe			M1 ft (dep on 4 terms) for terms in <i>x</i> on one side of equation and number terms on the other
		$\frac{7}{5}$		A1 oe dep on M1 1.4 or $1\frac{2}{5}$ oe
				Total 5 marks

21 (a)	$1 + 0.04 (= 1.04) \text{ or}$ $100(\%) + 4(\%) (= 104(\%)) \text{ or}$ $\frac{634 \ 400}{104} (= 6100) \text{ oe}$		3	M1
	634 400 ÷ "1.04" or 634 400 ÷ "104" × 100 or 634 400 × 100 ÷ "104" oe			M1
		No and 610 000		A1 dep on M2 for no and 610 000 seen oe E.g. Still (band) B and 610 000 oe
(b)	"0.85" × "0.85" (= 0.7225) oe or "0.85" – ("0.85" × 0.15) (= 0.7225) or $\frac{"85" \times "85"}{100}$ (= 72.25) oe or [0.85 and 85 must come from correct working]		3	M1 allow use of their amount e.g. 200 × "0.85" × "0.85" (= 144.5) M2 for 15 + (0.15 × "85") or 15 + 12.75
	1 – "0.7225" or 0.2775 or 100 – "72.25"			M1 e.g. 200-"144.5" 200 (×100)
		27.75		A1 oe allow 27.8 or 28
				Total 6 marks

22	$1.4 = \frac{72}{\text{(area)}} \text{ oe}$		4	M1
	$(\text{area} =) \frac{72}{1.4} (= \frac{360}{7} = 51.4) \text{ oe}$			M1 (51.4 or better)
	"51.4" × 18 or $r = \sqrt{\frac{"51.4"}{\pi}} (= 4.046) \text{ and } \pi \times "4.046"^2 \times 18$			M1 allow use of πr^2 to find the radius and then using $\pi r^2 h$ to find the volume
		926		A1 Allow 925 – 928
				Total 4 marks

23 (a)	8.9×10^{-5}	1	B1
(b)	83 400	1	B1
			Total 2 marks

24 (a)	8	1	B1
(b)	11	1	B1 accept x^{11}
(c)	$8k^6m^{12}$	2	B2 for all correct
			B1 for two correct from 8 or k^6 or m^{12}
			Total 4 marks

25 (a)	$(18-3)^2 + (7-1)^2$ oe or $15^2 + 8^2 (=289)$ oe		3	M1
	$\sqrt{(18-3)^2 + (7-1)^2} (= \sqrt{"289"})$			M1
		17		A1
(b)	13 + 6 > "17"	correct reason	1	A1ft dep M1 Acceptable examples "They overlap by 2cm" "The distance between the centres is less than the sum of the radii" "17 is less than the distance than the total of the radii" "19 is bigger than the distance between the centres" Not acceptable examples "19 is greater than the distance between the circles" oe "The circumference of each circle overlaps"
				Total 4 marks